

## SAFETY DATA SHEET NITOFLOR SL1500 BASE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	NITOFLOR SL1500 BASE
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Base component of two part epoxy flooring system
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	he safety data sheet
Supplier	Fosroc Idea Yapi Kimyasallari San. Ve Tic. A.S. Aydinevler mah. Sanayi cad. Demirtas Plaza No:13 Kat:3 34854 Maltepe ISTANBUL TURKEY +90 216 463 6776 enquiryturkey@fosroc.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber
Emergency telephone	+90 262 728 15 05
National emergency telephone number	a 114
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	ation
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Human health	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.
Environmental	The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
2.2. Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly a P272 Contaminated work clothing should no P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clo P391 Collect spillage. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in acco	ot be allowed out of the workplace. thing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Contains		in) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight LOXY)METHYL] DERIVS, BISPHENOL A EPOXY
Supplementary precautionary statements	P273 Avoid release to the environment. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautic contact lenses, if present and easy to do. C P321 Specific treatment (see medical advic P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get mer P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get mer P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing	ously with water for several minutes. Remove continue rinsing. ce on this label). dical advice/ attention. Get medical advice/ attention. edical advice/ attention.
2.3. Other hazards		
PBT: Not applicable. vPvB: Not applicable.		
SECTION 3: Composition/infor	mation on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures		
SILICA SAND < 250 micron		30-60%
CAS number: 14808-60-7	EC number: 238-878-4	
<b>Classification</b> Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (number average molecular w		30-60%
CAS number: 25068-38-6	EC number: 500-033-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119456619-26-XXXX
Classification		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
OXIRANE, MONO [(C12-14-	ALKYLOXY)METHYL] DERIVS	5-10%
CAS number: 68609-97-2	EC number: 271-846-8	
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317		

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction pro 2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	oducts with 1-chloro-	1-5%
CAS number: 9003-36-5	EC number: 500-006-8	
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
BENZYL ALCOHOL		1-5%
CAS number: 100-51-6	EC number: 202-859-9 REACH registration number: 01- 2119492630-38	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
<b>BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN</b>		1-5%
CAS number: 25068-38-6	EC number: 500-033-5	
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
POLYAMINE AMIDE SALT CAS number: —		<1%
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
POLYSILOXANE COPOLYMER CAS number: —		<1%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) N;R51/53. R10,R66,R67.	

XYLENE			<1%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-0000	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
ETHYLBENZENE			<1%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4		
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
ISO-BUTANOL			<1%
CAS number: 78-83-1	EC number: 201-148-0		
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336			
The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.			
SECTION 4: First aid measures			

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

•		
General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Inhalation	Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Ingestion	Promptly get affected person to drink large volumes of water to dilute the swallowed chemical. Do not induce vomiting. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention.	
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	May cause sensitisation by inhalation.	
Ingestion	May cause irritation of mouth, throat and digestive tract.	

Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	jures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Not known.	
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrous gases (NOx). Hydrocarbons.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	For personal protection, see Section 8.	
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution		
6.2. Environmental precaution	<b>s</b> Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.	
6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions	<b>s</b> Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.	
6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <u>containment and cleaning up</u> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.	
6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for Methods for cleaning up	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <u>containment and cleaning up</u> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.	
6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. <b>ns</b> Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.	
6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section Reference to other sections	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. <b>ns</b> Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. <b>trage</b>	
6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section Reference to other sections SECTION 7: Handling and sto	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. <b>ns</b> Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. <b>trage</b>	
<ul> <li>6.2. Environmental precaution</li> <li>Environmental precautions</li> <li>6.3. Methods and material for</li> <li>Methods for cleaning up</li> <li>6.4. Reference to other section</li> <li>Reference to other sections</li> <li>SECTION 7: Handling and stor</li> <li>7.1. Precautions for safe hand</li> <li>Usage precautions</li> </ul>	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. <b>ns</b> Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. <b>rage</b> <b>lling</b> Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wear suitable protective	
<ul> <li>6.2. Environmental precaution</li> <li>Environmental precautions</li> <li>6.3. Methods and material for</li> <li>Methods for cleaning up</li> <li>6.4. Reference to other section</li> <li>Reference to other sections</li> <li>SECTION 7: Handling and stor</li> <li>7.1. Precautions for safe hand</li> <li>Usage precautions</li> </ul>	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. <b>ns</b> Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. <b>trage</b> <b>ling</b> Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist.	
<ul> <li>6.2. Environmental precaution</li> <li>Environmental precautions</li> <li>6.3. Methods and material for</li> <li>Methods for cleaning up</li> <li>6.4. Reference to other sections</li> <li>6.4. Reference to other sections</li> <li>SECTION 7: Handling and stor</li> <li>7.1. Precautions for safe hand</li> <li>Usage precautions</li> <li>7.2. Conditions for safe storage</li> </ul>	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. <b>ns</b> Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. <b>rrage</b> <b>ling</b> Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. <b>re. including any incompatibilities</b>	
<ul> <li>6.2. Environmental precaution</li> <li>Environmental precautions</li> <li>6.3. Methods and material for</li> <li>Methods for cleaning up</li> <li>6.4. Reference to other sections</li> <li>6.4. Reference to other sections</li> <li>SECTION 7: Handling and store</li> <li>7.1. Precautions for safe hand</li> <li>Usage precautions</li> <li>7.2. Conditions for safe storage</li> <li>Storage precautions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.</li> <li>Containment and cleaning up</li> <li>Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.</li> <li>Ins</li> <li>Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.</li> <li>Irrage</li> <li>Ing</li> <li>Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist.</li> <li>Inc.</li> <li>Inc.</li></ul>	

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

### SILICA SAND < 250 micron

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0,1 mg/m³ Respirable crystalline silica

### XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

### ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

### **ISO-BUTANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 231 mg/m<sup>3</sup> WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight < 700) (CAS:		
<u>25068-38-6)</u>		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 12.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 12.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.006 mg/l	
OXIRANE,	MONO [(C12-14- ALKYLOXY)METHYL] DERIVS (CAS: 68609-97-2)	
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
DNEE	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1 mg/kg bw/day	
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.0072 mg/l	
	- marine water; 0.00072 mg/l	
Formaldehyde, oligome	ric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol (CAS: 9003-36-5)	
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 29.39 mg/m³	
	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 104.15 mg/kg/day	
	Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 8.3 µg/cm2	
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.003 mg/l	
	- marine water; 0.0003 mg/l - STP; 10 mg/l	
	BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)	
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg bw/day	
	Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg bw/day Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg bw/day	

PNEC	- Fresh water; 1 mg/l - marine water; 0.1 mg/l - STP; 39 mg/l
	BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN (CAS: 25068-38-6)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term, Short term systemic effects: 12.25 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term, Short term systemic effects: 8.33 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.006 mg/l - marine water; 0.0006 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.018 mg/l - Soil; 0.196 mg/kg
	XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l - marine water; 0.327 mg/l - STP; 6.58 mg/l
	ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l - marine water; 0.01 mg/l
	ISO-BUTANOL (CAS: 78-83-1)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.4 mg/l - marine water; 0.04 mg/l

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering

Eye/face protection

controls



Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.

Hand protectionChemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if<br/>a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Nitrile rubber.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact.

Hygiene measures	When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes wet or contaminated.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type K.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	Various colours.	
Odour	Not known.	
Odour threshold	Not determined.	
рН	Not determined.	
Melting point	Not determined.	
Initial boiling point and range	>200°C	
Flash point	> 100°C	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
Evaporation factor	Not determined.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Other flammability	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	Not determined.	
Vapour density	Not determined.	
Relative density	Not determined.	
Bulk density	Not applicable.	
Solubility(ies)	Not determined.	
Partition coefficient	Inconclusive data.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.	
Viscosity	Not determined.	
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	Not available.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not relevant. Will not polymerise.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Amines. Alcohols. Water. Alkalis. Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx). Hydrocarbons.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects	
Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	64,800.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	440.0	
General information	Extensive use of the product in areas with inadequate ventilation may result in the accumulation of hazardous vapour concentrations.	
Inhalation	May cause sensitisation by inhalation.	
Ingestion	May cause irritation of mouth, throat and digestive tract.	
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Route of exposure	Skin and/or eye contact Ingestion Inhalation	
Target organs	Skin Eyes	
Toxicological information on in	igredients.	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Aquita taxicity and (I D = 5.000.0		

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅ 5,000.0 mg/kg) Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀)	NOAEL 750 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,000.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	20,000.0
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >1600 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	20,000.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Rabbit Moderately irritating.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
<u>0</u>	XIRANE, MONO [(C12-14- ALKYLOXY)METHYL] DERIVS
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	19,200.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	19,200.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,500.0
Species	Rat
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	4,500.0
Formaldehyde,	oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
	BENZYL ALCOHOL
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,620.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,620.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0

	Species	Rabbit	
	ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,001.0	
	Acute toxicity - inhalation		
	Acute toxicity inhalation (LC <sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)	11.0	
	Species	Rat	
	ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0	
	Skin sensitisation		
	Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
	Carcinogenicity		
	Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
	Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
	STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 400 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
	Inhalation	May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing.	
	IngestionMay cause burns in mucous membranes, throat, oesophagus and stomactSkin contactProlonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.Eye contactSevere irritation, burning and tearing.		
	XYLENE Acute toxicity - dermal		
	ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0	
	Carcinogenicity		
	IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
	ETHYLBENZENE		
	Carcinogenicity		
	IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	<b>toxicity</b> The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.		
12.1. Toxicit	<u>y</u>		
Toxicity	The proc	luct contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms.	
Ecological ir	nformation on ingredients.		
	reaction product: bisp	henol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	
	Toxicity	Ecotoxic to fish/daphnia/algae	

Acute aquatic toxicity			
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)		
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1.8 mg/l, Daphnia magna		
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC50, 72 hours: 11 mg/l, Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)		
	OXIRANE, MONO [(C12-14- ALKYLOXY)METHYL] DERIVS		
Acute aquatic toxicity			
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 1 - 10 mg/l, Fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 1800 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)		
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1 - 10 mg/l, Daphnia magna		
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 844 mg/l, Algae		
Formaldehyde	e, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol		
Acute aquatic toxicity			
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: >1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)		
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna		
	BENZYL ALCOHOL		
Acute aquatic toxicity			
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 460 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)		
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₀₀, 48 hours: 230 mg/l, Daphnia magna		
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅o, 72 hours: 770 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 310 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	LC₅₀, 49 hours: 2100 mg/l, Activated sludge		
	<b>BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN</b>		
Acute aquatic toxicity			
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)		
	XYLENE		
Toxicity	Not considered toxic to fish.		

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)
reaction product. Disphenol-A-(epichioniyunn)	

Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.		
	BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN		
Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.		
Biodegradation	- Degradation 12%: 28 days		
	XYLENE		
Persistence and degradability	Expected to be not readily biodegradable.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient Inconcl	usive data.		
Ecological information on ingredients.			
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)			
Partition coefficient log Pow: 3.242			
Formaldehyde	Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol		
Partition coefficient	: log Pow = Approximately 3.8 at 25 C		
	BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN		
Bioaccumulative potential	May accumulate in soil and water systems. BCF: 100,		
Partition coefficient	: log Pow = Approximately 3.8 at 25 C		
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Mobility The pro			
Ecological information on ingredients.			
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)			
Mobility	Mobility The product has poor water-solubility.		
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - Koc: 445 @ °C		
	BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN		
Mobility	Not considered mobile.		
	XYLENE		
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assess	ment		

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	PBT: Not applicable. vPvB: Not applicable.	
Ecological information on ingre	adients.	
reaction pro	 duct: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)  epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	
Results of PBT assessment	<b>nd vPvB</b> This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
	BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN	
Results of PBT a assessment	<b>nd vPvB</b> This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	Not known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>s</u>	
General information	When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.	
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3151	
UN No. (IMDG)	3151	
UN No. (ICAO)	3151	
UN No. (ADN)	3151	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID (CONTAİNS reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700), EPOXY RESIN (Type F) (Number average MW <= 700 ))	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	9	
ADR/RID classification code	M2	
ADR/RID label	9	
IMDG class	9	
ICAO class/division	9	
ADN class	9	

### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	П
IMDG packing group	П
ICAO packing group	П
ADN packing group	П

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-A, S-A	
ADR transport category	0	
Emergency Action Code	2X	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	90	
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislationRegulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16<br/>December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as<br/>amended).<br/>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18<br/>December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of<br/>Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.</li> <li>PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> <li>REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.</li> </ul>
General information	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	This is the first issue.
Revision date	02/05/2020
Revision	1
SDS number	28274
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.



## SAFETY DATA SHEET NITOFLOR SL1500 HARDENER

SECTION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier				
Product name	NITOFLOR SL1500 HARDENER			
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Identified uses	Hardener Component of two part Epoxy Flooring System.			
1.3. Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet			
Supplier	Fosroc Idea Yapi Kimyasallari San. Ve Tic. A.S. Aydinevler mah. Sanayi cad. Demirtas Plaza No:13 Kat:3 34854 Maltepe ISTANBUL TURKEY +90 216 463 6776 enquiryturkey@fosroc.com			
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber			
Emergency telephone	+90 262 728 15 05			
National emergency telephon number	<b>e</b> 114			
SECTION 2: Hazards identification				
2.1. Classification of the subs	tance or mixture			
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	-			
Physical hazards	Not Classified			
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
Human health	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.			
Environmental	The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.			
2.2. Label elements				
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	Danger			
Hazard statements	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			

Precautionary statements	P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.
	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P405 Store locked up.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplementary precautionary	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
statements	P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
	P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water or shower.
	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
	P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
	P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 2.3. Other hazards

PBT: Not applicable. vPvB: Not applicable.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
BENZYL ALCOHOL		30-60%
CAS number: 100-51-6	EC number: 202-859-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119492630-38
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
ISOPHORONEDIAMINE		10-30%
CAS number: 2855-13-2	EC number: 220-666-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119514687-32-xxxx
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Skin Corr. 1B - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

CAS number: 25068-38-6	EC number: 500-033-5	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119456619-26-XXXX
Classification		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZE	NE (MXDA)	10-3
CAS number: 1477-55-0	REACH registration number: 01-	
	2119480150-50-xxxx	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Corr. 1A - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Inhalation	Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	May cause sensitisation by inhalation.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Not known.		
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrous gases (NOx). Hydrocarbons.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Protective actions during firefighting	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
Personal precautions	For personal protection, see Section 8.		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
<b>Environmental precautions</b> Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.			
6.3. Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.		
6.4. Reference to other section			
Reference to other sections	Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.		
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	rage		
7.1. Precautions for safe handl	ing		
Usage precautions	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage precautions	Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place.		
Storage class	Chemical storage.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.		
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection			
8.1. Control parameters			

## BENZYL ALCOHOL (CAS: 100-51-6)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 110 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg bw/day Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg bw/day	
PNEC	- Fresh water; 1 mg/l - marine water; 0.1 mg/l - STP; 39 mg/l	
	ISOPHORONEDIAMINE (CAS: 2855-13-2)	
PNEC	- marine water; 0.006 mg/l - Fresh water; 0.06 mg/l - Soil; 1.121 mg/kg	
reaction pro-	duct: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700) (CAS:	
	<u>25068-38-6)</u>	
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 12.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 12.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.006 mg/l	
8.2. Exposure controls		
Protective equipment		
Appropriate engineering controls	Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.	
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Nitrile rubber.	
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact.	
Hygiene measures	When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes wet or contaminated.	
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type K.	
SECTION 9: Physical and c	hemical properties	
	ysical and chemical properties	

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Characteristic.

Odour threshold	Not determined.
рН	Not determined.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	190°C
Flash point	> 90°C
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Other flammability	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	1,09
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Slightly soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	Not available.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ctivity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	In contact with some metals can generate hydrogen gas, which can form explosive mixtures with air.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
10.5. Incompatible materials	

Materials to avoidOther metals or alloys. Mineral acids. Hydrocarbons - halogenated. Organic<br/>peroxides/hydroperoxides. Strong oxidising agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx). Hydrocarbons. products

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,298.82	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	7,333.33	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	22.0	
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	8.93	
General information	Extensive use of the product in areas with inadequate ventilation may result in the accumulation of hazardous vapour concentrations.	
Inhalation	May cause sensitisation by inhalation.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	May cause allergic contact eczema. Causes severe burns.	
Route of exposure	Skin and/or eye contact Ingestion Inhalation	
Target organs	Skin Eyes Gastro-intestinal tract, liver, immune system	

Toxicological information on ingredients.

### **BENZYL ALCOHOL**

Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,620.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,620.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0	
Species	Rabbit	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,001.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		

A suda dan isiku inkaladian		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ vapours mg/l)	11.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 400 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
Inhalation	May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing.	
Ingestion	May cause burns in mucous membranes, throat, oesophagus and stomach.	
Skin contact	Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.	
Eye contact	Severe irritation, burning and tearing.	
	ISOPHORONEDIAMINE	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,030.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,840.0	
Species	Rabbit	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0	
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0	
Species	Rat	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	NOAEL 750 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,000.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		

	Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	20,000.0
	Species	Rabbit
	Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >1600 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat
	ATE dermal (mg/kg)	20,000.0
	Skin corrosion/irritation	
	Animal data	Rabbit Moderately irritating.
	Skin sensitisation	
	Skin sensitisation	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
		1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA)
	Acute toxicity - oral	
	Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	930.0
	Species	Rat
	ATE oral (mg/kg)	930.0
	Acute toxicity - dermal	
	Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	3,100.0
	Species	Rat
	Acute toxicity - inhalation	
	Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 dust/mist mg/l)	1.34
	Species	Rat
	ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.34
	Skin sensitisation	
	Skin sensitisation	Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising.
	Germ cell mutagenicity	
	Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation:: Negative.
	Carcinogenicity	
	Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 150 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity		luct contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may ng-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
12.1. Toxicit	<u>у</u>	
Toxicity	The proc	luct contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms.
Ecological information on ingredients.		

### **BENZYL ALCOHOL**

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 460 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC∞, 48 hours: 230 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 770 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 310 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	LC₅₀, 49 hours: 2100 mg/l, Activated sludge
	ISOPHORONEDIAMINE
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 110 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 23 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: 50 mg/l, Algae
reaction product: bis	sphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)
Toxicity	Ecotoxic to fish/daphnia/algae
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1.8 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC50, 72 hours: 11 mg/l, Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)
	1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA)
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 87.6 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 15.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 20.3 mg/l, Freshwater algae
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 30 minutes: > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
tence and degradability	
and degradability No dat	a available.

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### ISOPHORONEDIAMINE

Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.		
reaction product: bisp	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)		
Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.		
	1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA)		
Biodegradation	- 49%: 28 days		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient Not dete	rmined.		
Ecological information on ingredients.			
	ISOPHORONEDIAMINE		
Bioaccumulative potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.		
Partition coefficient	log Kow: 0.99		
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)			
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 3.242		
	1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA)		
Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: < 0.3,		
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0.18		
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Mobility Slightly s	soluble in water.		
Ecological information on ingredients.			
reaction product: bisp	henol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)		
Mobility	The product has poor water-solubility.		
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - Koc: 445 @ °C		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	nent		
	t applicable. ot applicable.		
Ecological information on ingredients.			
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)			
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.		
12.6. Other adverse effects			

Other adverse effects	Not known.			
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations				
13.1. Waste treatment methods				
General information	When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.			
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.			
SECTION 14: Transport information				
14.1. UN number				
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1760			
UN No. (IMDG)	1760			
UN No. (ICAO)	1760			
UN No. (ADN)	1760			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e			
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAİNS 1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA), ISOPHORONEDIAMINE)			
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAİNS 1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA), ISOPHORONEDIAMINE)			
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAİNS 1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA), ISOPHORONEDIAMINE)			
Proper shipping name (ADN)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAİNS 1,3-BIS(AMINOMETHYL)BENZENE (MXDA), ISOPHORONEDIAMINE)			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
ADR/RID class	8			
ADR/RID classification code	C9			
ADR/RID label	8			
IMDG class	8			
ICAO class/division	8			
ADN class	8			

## Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	I
IMDG packing group	I
ICAO packing group	I
ADN packing group	I

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

F-A, S-B
1
2X
88
(E)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

 EU legislation
 Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.</li> <li>PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> <li>REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.</li> </ul>
General information	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	This is the first issue.
Revision date	02/05/2020
Revision	1
SDS number	28680

Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled</li> </ul>
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.